



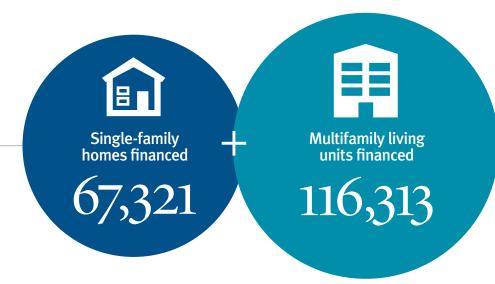
34 Years of **Statewide Impact**

Our state's people and communities are as diverse as its landscape. From urban to rural, homeless to homebuyer, we face an incredible variety of needs and economic situations.

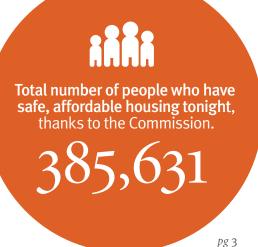
Our financing tools help local families buy homes, local developers build apartments, and local nonprofits open senior centers and playgrounds—all while creating local jobs.

Programs and services offered by the Commission support:

- Affordable housing
- Community facilities
- Farms and ranches
- Energy projects
- lob creation
- State economy
- And thousands of families



Multiplied by just 2.1 people per household

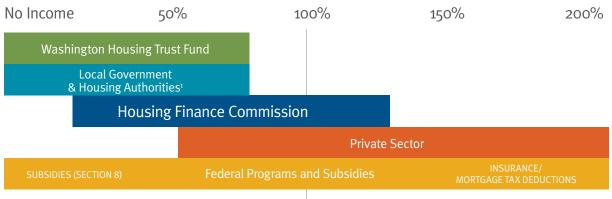


The People We Serve

The Commission's financing mechanisms for affordable housing are "shallow subsidies" in comparison to other public resources—serving those with low to moderate incomes. The majority of people we serve earn less than the area median incomes, which ranged in 2017 from \$44,600 in Ferry County to \$96,000 in King County.



Percent of Area Median Income

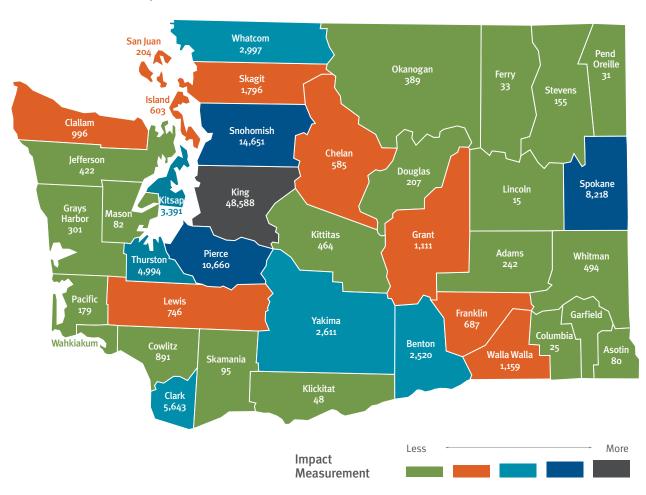




Multifamily Bonds and Housing Credits by County

| Asotin \$4,867,162 - 80 - - Lincoln \$413,411 Benton \$80,715,114 \$57,000,000 2,093 427 - Mason \$2,856,114 \$1 Chelan \$14,467,669 \$7,390,000 307 146 132 Okanogan \$28,693,338 Pacific \$1,068,983 Pacific \$1,068,983 Pacific \$1,068,983 Pend Oreille \$283,295 \$202 San Juan \$3,269,044 San Juan \$3,27,269,07 \$3,27,269,07 \$3,27,269,07 | Bonds 8 | Credits & Bonds | Bonds Only | Non Profit Bonds |
|---|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Asotin \$4,867,162 — 80 — — Lincoln \$413,411 Benton \$80,715,114 \$57,000,000 2,093 427 — Mason \$2,856,114 \$1 Chelan \$14,467,669 \$7,390,000 307 146 132 Okanogan \$28,693,338 Clallam \$55,577,656 \$17,876,395 857 87 52 Pacific \$1,068,983 Clark \$181,665,222 \$169,045,158 4,478 1,165 — Pend Oreille \$283,295 Columbia \$1,947,125 — 25 — — Pierce \$350,924,359 \$202 Cowlitz \$33,292,229 \$4,818,000 677 214 — San Juan \$3,269,044 Douglas \$12,998,489 — 207 — — Skagit \$71,854,595 \$60 Ferry \$2,928,556 — 33 — — Skamania \$2,56,6412 Graiteld — — | _ | 706 | _ | |
| Benton \$80,715,114 \$57,000,000 2,093 427 — Mason \$2,856,114 \$1 Chelan \$14,467,669 \$7,390,000 307 146 132 Okanogan \$28,693,338 Clark \$181,665,222 \$169,045,158 4,478 1,165 — Pend Oreille \$283,295 Columbia \$1,947,125 — 25 — — Perce \$350,924,359 \$202 Cowlitz \$33,292,229 \$4,818,000 677 214 — San Juan \$3,269,044 Douglas \$12,998,489 — 207 — — Skagit \$71,854,595 \$60 Ferry \$2,928,556 — 33 — — Skamania \$2,526,412 Franklin \$25,723,697 \$19,250,000 687 — — Snohomish \$540,758,947 \$841 Gardield — — — — — Spokane \$299,873,196 \$173 Grays Harbor | | | l . | 40 |
| Benton \$ 80,715,114 \$ 57,000,000 2,093 427 — Mason \$ 2,856,114 \$ 1 Chelan \$ 14,467,669 \$ 7,390,000 307 146 132 Okanogan \$ 28,693,338 Clark \$ 181,665,222 \$ 169,045,158 4,478 1,165 — Pend Oreille \$ 283,295 Columbia \$ 1,947,125 — — 25 — — Perce \$ 350,924,359 \$ 202 Cowlitz \$ 33,292,229 \$ 4,818,000 677 214 — San Juan \$ 3,269,044 \$ 50,024,359 \$ 50,004 \$ 50,044 \$ 50,004 \$ | ,266,243 | 15 | _ | _ |
| Clallam \$55,577,656 \$17,876,395 857 87 52 Pacific \$1,068,983 Clark \$181,665,222 \$169,045,158 4,478 1,165 — Pend Oreille \$283,295 Columbia \$1,947,125 — 25 — — Pierce \$350,924,359 \$202 Cowlitz \$33,292,229 \$4,818,000 677 214 — San Juan \$3,269,044 Douglas \$12,998,489 — 207 — — Skagit \$71,854,595 \$60 Ferry \$2,928,556 — 33 — — Skamania \$2,526,412 Franklin \$25,723,697 \$19,250,000 687 — — Snohomish \$540,758,947 \$841 Garfield — — — — — Spokane \$299,873,196 \$173 Grays Harbor \$13,786,360 — 288 — 13 Thurston \$106,607,696 \$123 Island <td< td=""><td></td><td>58</td><td>24</td><td>_</td></td<> | | 58 | 24 | _ |
| Clark \$ 181,665,222 \$ 169,045,158 4,478 1,165 — Pend Oreille \$ 283,295 Columbia \$ 1,947,125 — | - | 389 | _ | _ |
| Columbia \$ 1,947,125 — 25 — — Pierce \$ 350,924,359 \$ 202 Cowlitz \$ 33,292,229 \$ 4,818,000 677 214 — San Juan \$ 3,269,044 Douglas \$ 12,998,489 — 207 — — Skagit \$ 71,854,595 \$ 60 Ferry \$ 2,928,556 — 33 — — Skamania \$ 2,526,412 Franklin \$ 25,723,697 \$ 19,250,000 687 — — Snohomish \$ 5,40,758,947 \$ 841 Garfield — — — — — Spokane \$ 299,873,196 \$ 173 Grant \$ 79,174,072 \$ 9,600,000 1,023 24 64 Stevens \$ 11,237,536 Grays Harbor \$ 13,786,360 — 288 — 13 Thurston \$ 106,607,696 \$ 123 Island \$ 13,116,848 \$ 8,603,089 561 — 42 Wahkiakum — Jefferson | - | 139 | _ | 40 |
| Cowlitz \$33,292,229 \$4,818,000 677 214 — San Juan \$3,269,044 Douglas \$12,998,489 — 207 — — Skagit \$71,854,595 \$60 Ferry \$2,928,556 — 33 — — Skamania \$2,526,412 Franklin \$25,723,697 \$19,250,000 687 — — — Snohomish \$540,758,947 \$841 Garfield — — — — — — Spokane \$299,873,196 \$173 Grant \$79,174,072 \$9,600,000 1,023 24 64 Stevens \$11,237,536 Grays Harbor \$13,786,360 — 288 — 13 Thurston \$106,607,696 \$123 Island \$13,116,848 \$8,603,089 561 — 42 Wahkiakum — Jefferson \$8,517,508 \$2,280,914 263 159 — Walla Walla \$47,334,648 King <td>_</td> <td>31</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> | _ | 31 | _ | _ |
| Douglas \$ 12,998,489 - 207 - - Skagit \$ 71,854,595 \$ 60 Ferry \$ 2,928,556 - 33 - - Skamania \$ 2,526,412 Franklin \$ 25,723,697 \$ 19,250,000 687 - - Snohomish \$ 540,758,947 \$ 841 Garfield - - - - - Spokane \$ 299,873,196 \$ 173 Grant \$ 79,174,072 \$ 9,600,000 1,023 24 64 Stevens \$ 11,237,536 Grays Harbor \$ 13,786,360 - 288 - 13 Thurston \$ 106,607,696 \$ 123 Island \$ 13,116,848 \$ 8,603,089 561 - 42 Wahkiakum - Jefferson \$ 8,517,508 \$ 2,280,914 263 159 - Walla Walla \$ 47,334,648 King \$ 2,092,842,932 \$ 1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whitman \$ 12,048,366 \$ 2 <td>2,277,000</td> <td>6,904</td> <td>2,501</td> <td>1,255</td> | 2,277,000 | 6,904 | 2,501 | 1,255 |
| Ferry \$ 2,928,556 - 33 - - Skamania \$ 2,526,412 Franklin \$ 25,723,697 \$ 19,250,000 687 - - - Snohomish \$ 5,40,758,947 \$ 841 Garfield - - - - - - Spokane \$ 299,873,196 \$ 173 Grant \$ 79,174,072 \$ 9,600,000 1,023 24 64 Stevens \$ 11,237,536 Grays Harbor \$ 13,786,360 - 288 - 13 Thurston \$ 106,607,696 \$ 123 Island \$ 13,116,848 \$ 8,603,089 561 - 42 Wahkiakum - Jefferson \$ 8,517,508 \$ 2,280,914 263 159 - Walla Walla \$ 47,334,648 King \$ 2,092,842,932 \$ 1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whatcom \$ 154,495,462 \$ 71 Kitsap \$ 95,412,388 \$ 59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman <td< td=""><td></td><td>156</td><td>48</td><td>_</td></td<> | | 156 | 48 | _ |
| Franklin \$ 25,723,697 \$ 19,250,000 687 — — Snohomish \$ 540,758,947 \$ 841 Garfield — — — — — — — Spokane \$ 299,873,196 \$ 173 Grant \$ 79,174,072 \$ 9,600,000 1,023 24 64 Stevens \$ 11,237,536 Grays Harbor \$ 13,786,360 — 288 — 13 Thurston \$ 106,607,696 \$ 123 Island \$ 13,116,848 \$ 8,603,089 561 — 42 Wahkiakum — Jefferson \$ 8,517,508 \$ 2,280,914 263 159 — Walla Walla \$ 47,334,648 King \$ 2,092,842,932 \$ 1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whatcom \$ 154,495,462 \$ 71 Kitsap \$ 95,412,388 \$ 59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman \$ 12,048,366 \$ 2 | 0,214,401 | 1,666 | _ | 130 |
| Garfield - - - - - Spokane \$ 299,873,196 \$ 173 Grant \$ 79,174,072 \$ 9,600,000 1,023 24 64 Stevens \$ 11,237,536 Grays Harbor \$ 13,786,360 - 288 - 13 Thurston \$ 106,607,696 \$ 123 Island \$ 13,116,848 \$ 8,603,089 561 - 42 Wahkiakum - Jefferson \$ 8,517,508 \$ 2,280,914 263 159 - Walla Walla \$ 47,334,648 King \$ 2,092,842,932 \$ 1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whatcom \$ 154,495,462 \$ 71 Kitsap \$ 95,412,388 \$ 59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman \$ 12,048,366 \$ 2 | _ | 20 | _ | 72 |
| Grant \$79,174,072 \$9,600,000 1,023 24 64 Stevens \$11,237,536 Grays Harbor \$13,786,360 - 288 - 13 Thurston \$106,607,696 \$123 Island \$13,116,848 \$8,603,089 561 - 42 Wahkiakum - Jefferson \$8,517,508 \$2,280,914 263 159 - Walla Walla \$47,334,648 King \$2,092,842,932 \$1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whatcom \$154,495,462 \$71 Kitsap \$95,412,388 \$59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman \$12,048,366 \$2 | ,402,696 | 11,980 | 1,923 | 682 |
| Grays Harbor \$ 13,786,360 - 288 - 13 Thurston \$ 106,607,696 \$ 123 Island \$ 13,116,848 \$ 8,603,089 561 - 42 Wahkiakum - Jefferson \$ 8,517,508 \$ 2,280,914 263 159 - Walla Walla \$ 47,334,648 King \$ 2,092,842,932 \$ 1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whatcom \$ 154,495,462 \$ 71 Kitsap \$ 95,412,388 \$ 59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman \$ 12,048,366 \$ 2 | ,965,000 | 5,522 | 1,157 | 1,539 |
| Island \$ 13,116,848 \$ 8,603,089 561 — 42 Wahkiakum — Jefferson \$ 8,517,508 \$ 2,280,914 263 159 — Walla Walla \$ 47,334,648 King \$ 2,092,842,932 \$ 1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whatcom \$ 154,495,462 \$ 71 Kitsap \$ 95,412,388 \$ 59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman \$ 12,048,366 \$ 2 | | 155 | _ | _ |
| Jefferson \$ 8,517,508 \$ 2,280,914 263 159 — Walla Walla \$ 47,334,648 King \$ 2,092,842,932 \$ 1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whatcom \$ 154,495,462 \$ 71 Kitsap \$ 95,412,388 \$ 59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman \$ 12,048,366 \$ 2 | 3,478,923 | 2,710 | 1,059 | 1,225 |
| King \$ 2,092,842,932 \$ 1,406,097,312 36,116 5,463 7,009 Whatcom \$ 154,495,462 \$ 71 Kitsap \$ 95,412,388 \$ 59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman \$ 12,048,366 \$ 2 | | _ | _ | _ |
| Kitsap \$ 95,412,388 \$ 59,673,274 2,284 851 256 Whitman \$ 12,048,366 \$ 2 | - | 566 | 210 | 383 |
| | ,635,000 | 2,639 | 92 | 266 |
| Kittitas \$16,168,823 - 464 Yakima \$187,865,808 \$3 | ,770,000 | 202 | 264 | 28 |
| | 2,336,125 | 2,376 | 56 | 179 |
| Klickitat \$ 2,969,156 - 48 | | | | |
| Through the allocation of federal housing credits and the issuance of bonds, we help finance a spectrum of affordable multifamily housing statewide, with projects in nearly every county. Cumulative Totals By County from 7/1/1983-12/31/2017 \$4,628,449,448 \$3,252, | | Credits & Bonds | Bonds Only 15,936 | Non Profit Bonds |

Multifamily Housing Units by County



116,313 **Total Housing Units**

Total Amount Invested

Senior Housing Units

(Included in Total Unit Count)



5,306 Assisted-living Units



22,799 Independent-living Units



3,186 Nursing Beds

31,291 Total Number

Multifamily Housing: Total Investments 1983-2017

Since 1983, our financing has created or rehabilitated more than 108,000 rental homes, of which over 31,000 serve the elderly. The Commission's two most important financing tools for multifamily development are issuing bonds and allocating housing tax credits. Both are purchased by investors on the private market; the proceeds of bond sales are loaned to the developer through a bank, while tax credits are converted into equity in the project.

Different financing tools are used for different populations and geographic areas throughout the state. Multifamily bond financing, for example, is most feasible in urban areas, where projects are large enough and rents are high enough to enable developers to repay their bond debt. Projects financed with housing credits alone serve people with lower incomes and greater needs, in rural and urban communities alike.

The Commission monitors and inspects multifamily properties to ensure they remain in compliance with program requirements and thus remain eligible for the tax benefits that helped to finance them.

Housing Credit Programs Provide Financing Options

Housing Credits (1986-2017)

\$4.6 billion allocated – 1,140 properties, 86,940 total units

9% Housing Credit Program

Housing credits in the 9% program (in which the credit provides up to 70% of the project's equity) are allocated through an annual competitive process in which projects are evaluated and scored according to the Commission's established criteria.

4% Housing Credit Plus Bonds Program

The 4% housing credit program (in which the credit provides up to 30% of the project's equity) combines tax-credit equity with tax-exempt bonds, which become loans (debt). This program is often used by private developers for affordable multifamily housing.



The Low Income
Housing Tax Credit
allows developers to
build and renovate
affordable apartments,
which must remain safe,
decent, and affordable
for at least 40 years.

Housing Credit Programs, continued

Credits Only (9%) (equity)



Pays up to 70% of project costs



Serves lower incomes and special needs



32,356 units



722 properties

Credits Plus Bonds (4%) (equity + debt)



Pays up to 30% of project costs



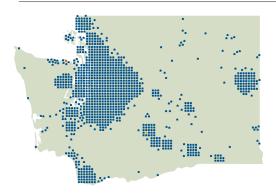
Serves working families



54,584 units



418 properties



1,140 Total Properties Statewide

316

Rehabilitation

824

New construction



People Served by Housing Credit

Almost 37% of current units are set aside for a specific population.



19,162 Seniors

9,282 Disabled

3,375 Homeless

1,424 Farmworkers

53,697 Other Low Income

Total Housing Units

86,940



Multifamily Housing 1983-2017, continued

Nonprofit Housing Bonds 143 projects – 13,437 units

Tax-exempt 501(c)(3) bonds help nonprofit providers of housing (and housing with services) to finance or refinance independent-living apartments, group homes, assisted-living facilities, nursing homes, retirement communities, and student dormitories.

- \$1.96 billion in tax-exempt bonds helped finance 13,437 units of rental housing.
- Tax-exempt nonprofit bonds were refinanced for 44 projects.
- \$53 million in taxable bonds were issued to finance associated project costs.

Bonds Only 15,936 units

In this rarely used program, tax-exempt multifamily bonds are used by nonprofit or for-profit housing developers to create affordable apartments, often as part of housing for independent seniors.

Land Acquisition Program 26 projects, \$15 million

A revolving loan program to assist eligible organizations to purchase land suited for the eventual development of affordable housing for homeowners and rental apartments.



Homeownership: Single-Family Loans by County 1983-2017

| | First Mortg | age Loans | Downpayme | ent Loans | | First Mortg | age Loans | Downpaym | nent Loans |
|--------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|--------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|------------|
| County | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | County | Amount | Number | Amount | Number |
| Adams | \$ 15,160,637 | 141 | \$ 509,296 | 77_ | Lewis | \$ 51,315,774 | 420 | \$ 1,896,815 | 291 |
| Asotin | \$ 13,284,241 | 180 | \$ 305,922 | 51 | Lincoln | \$ 4,212,651 | 50 | \$ 193,632 | 27 |
| Benton | \$ 227,339,341 | 1,794 | \$ 6,502,554 | 994 | Mason | \$ 57,907,481 | 456 | \$ 1,776,744 | 258 |
| Chelan | \$ 65,035,328 | 706 | \$ 1,083,437 | 156 | Okanogan | \$ 6,351,683 | 71 | \$ 151,689 | 27 |
| Clallam | \$ 27,561,332 | 236 | \$ 1,093,782 | 138 | Pacific | \$ 4,693,106 | 43 | \$ 203,019 | 31 |
| Clark | \$ 532,444,934 | 3,804 | \$ 13,993,203 | 1,778 | Pend Oreille | \$ 8,916,670 | 89 | \$ 192,916 | 32 |
| Columbia | \$ 2,393,651 | 41 | \$ 107,279 | 10 | Pierce | \$ 1,416,734,968 | 9,150 | \$ 42,822,242 | 5,250 |
| Cowlitz | \$ 141,072,346 | 1,226 | \$ 4,073,173 | 719 | San Juan | \$ 4,976,144 | 29 | \$ 183,548 | 18 |
| Douglas | \$ 40,132,067 | 386 | \$ 736,977 | 108 | Skagit | \$ 142,881,387 | 920 | \$ 3,756,014 | 514 |
| Ferry | \$ 1,889,273 | 23 | \$ 35,759 | 7_ | Skamania | \$ 4,701,600 | 25 | \$ 159,586 | 19 |
| Franklin | \$ 125,830,153 | 901 | \$ 3,500,569 | 516 | Snohomish | \$ 1,236,635,845 | 7,246 | \$ 29,884,065 | 3,306 |
| Garfield | \$ 621,660 | 7 | \$ 16,603 | 3 | Spokane | \$ 1,016,010,793 | 11,238 | \$ 25,463,985 | 4,772 |
| Grant | \$ 48,293,375 | 472 | \$ 1,327,708 | 209 | Stevens | \$ 17,671,214 | 161 | \$ 640,897 | 99 |
| Grays Harbor | \$ 41,000,734 | 408 | \$ 1,211,351 | 198 | Thurston | \$ 297,136,788 | 2,365 | \$ 6,753,451 | 903 |
| Island | \$ 80,217,916 | 563 | \$ 1,575,161 | 196 | Wahkiakum | \$ 2,129,775 | 17 | \$ 58,847 | 10 |
| Jefferson | \$ 12,583,163 | 77 | \$ 406,971 | 52 | Walla Walla | \$ 55,350,265 | 729 | \$ 1,040,880 | 173 |
| King | \$ 2,203,703,143 | 16,905 | \$ 63,141,877 | 5,023 | Whatcom | \$ 266,746,469 | 1,624 | \$ 5,703,670 | 617 |
| Kitsap | \$ 261,731,412 | 2,083 | \$ 5,899,616 | 800 | Whitman | \$ 15,401,098 | 152 | \$ 475,148 | 64 |
| Kittitas | \$ 24,591,291 | 168 | \$ 736,737 | 93 | Yakima | \$ 233,815,733 | 2,384 | \$ 6,125,011 | 1,071 |
| Klickitat | \$ 4,178,062 | 31 | \$ 106,215 | 15 | | | | | |

Cumulative Totals 6/1/1983-6/30/2017

First Mortgage Loans
Amount Number

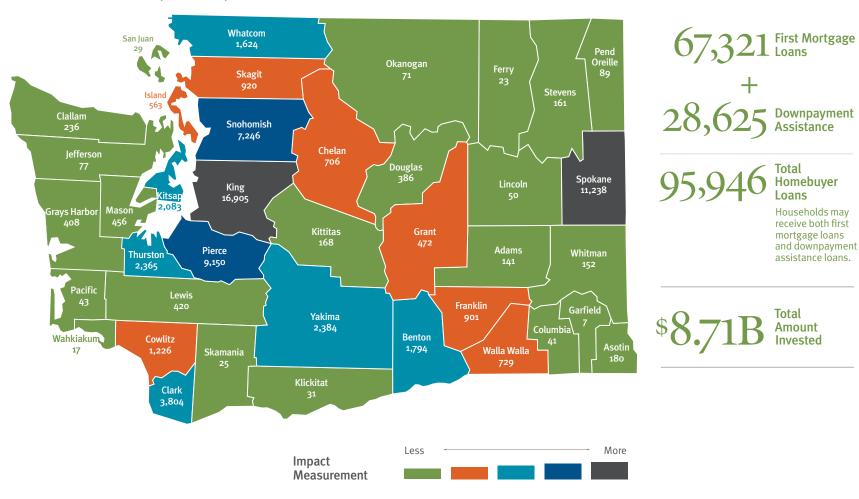
Downpayment Loans
Amount Number

\$8,712,653,503

67,321

\$233,846,349 28,625

Home Loans by County



Homeownership: 34 Years of Impact by Program

Washington state residents in every county have achieved the dream of homeownership thanks to the Commission's home loans and downpayment assistance.

First Mortgage Programs*

HOME ADVANTAGE (2013-present)

\$4.33 billion in loans 21,090 households served

In 2012, Home Advantage replaced House Key as the Commission's primary first-mortgage program. It is funded by the proceeds from loans bought and sold on the open market. Key differences are simplified eligibility, no restriction to first-time homebuyers, no limit to funding (as with bonds), and universal eligibility for downpayment assistance.

HOUSE KEY STATE BOND (1983-present)

\$4.38 billion in loans 46,229 households served

These numbers include the following programs:

Open Door Second Mortgage Provided 74 loans in downpayment and closing-cost assistance for first-time homebuyers in the City of Tacoma or King County.

Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) Single-Family Home Ownership Provided 49 first-mortgage loans for families in rural areas.

Cash Window, Voyager, and Express Programs Provided 168 House Key loans that were sold directly to Fannie Mae and Ginnie Mae.

MORTGAGE CREDIT CERTIFICATE (2008-present)

A tax-credit program used to offset a portion of personal federal tax liability so that buyers can more easily afford their mortgage payments.

Homeowner/Homebuyer Counseling (1998-present)

\$34.5 million allocated to nonprofit organizations

The Commission oversees one of the state's largest housing counseling programs. including help for homeowners facing foreclosure. In addition to funding 20 nonprofit partners and 50-90 housing counselors statewide, these funds also support the state's foreclosure counseling hotline.

| Amount | Grant Source | Nonprofit Organization Providing Coun | |
|------------------|--|--|----|
| \$807,788 | Washington State Office of the Attor (McGraw Hill/Standard & Poor's Settl | | 11 |
| \$3.12 million* | Washington State Office of the Attor (National Settlement) (2012–2015) | ney General | 13 |
| \$193 million* | State of Washington 2011 Foreclosure Fairness Act (2011- | -2015) | 18 |
| \$385,250* | Housing and Urban Development Emergency Homeowners Loan Progr | ram (2011–2015) | 8 |
| \$2.66 million** | National Foreclosure Mitigation (200 | 08–2014) | 11 |
| \$4.76 million* | Housing and Urban Development (19 | 998–2015) | 50 |
| \$550,000 | Washington State Office of the Attor (Wells Fargo Settlement) (2011–201 | , | 16 |
| \$595,000 | Washington State Office of the Attor (Countrywide Settlement) (2010–20 | | 11 |
| \$500,000 | State of Washington 2010 Legislative Appropriation (2010 | 0-2011) | 15 |
| \$250,000 | Housing and Urban Development Neighborhood Initiative (2009–201: | 1) | 22 |
| \$990,000 | State of Washington 2008 Legislativ (2008–2009) | re Appropriation | 25 |
| \$571,355 | Rural Housing and Economic Develo (2000–2001, 2003–2004) | pment | 16 |

^{*} Ongoing Programs / ** Administered by NeighborWorks

Homebuyer Education

(1991 – present)

207,912 potential homebuyers

Classes include the process of homebuying, real estate and finance terminology, and home maintenance and repair.

- 18,646 free homebuyer seminars coordinated statewide.
- 16,692 online seminars completed since 2014.
- **8,500** instructors trained to teach free homebuyer seminars, including lenders, real-estate professionals, and nonprofit partners.

Downpayment **Assistance Programs**

\$233.8 million in second-mortgage loans

28,625 households served

The Commission offers second mortgages to assist homebuyers with the downpayment and closing costs. Maximum loan amounts and interest rates vary by program. Many programs are sustained through the Commission's Program Investment Fund.

Downpayment assistance is only available to borrowers who use a Commission first mortgage and complete a homebuyer-education class.

Downpayment Assistance Programs

| • • | _ | | |
|---|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Program | Eligible Households | Borrowers Served | Total Loaned fo |
| ONGOING PROGRAMS | | | & Closing-Cos Assistance |
| Home Advantage DPA | Those who qualify for a | | |
| | Home Advantage first mortgage | 17,679 | \$ 142,363,754 |
| HomeChoice | Individuals with disabilities | 1,360 | \$ 17,238,617 |
| Tacoma DPA (New in 2015) | First-time homebuyers within the City of Tacoma earning 80% or less of area median income | 45 | \$ 834,583 |
| House Key Plus Seattle | | | + - 54,5-5 |
| (a partnership with the City of Seattle since 2004) | First-time homebuyers within the City of Seattle earning 80% or less of area median income | 408 | \$ 20,847,651 |
| House Key Schools | Employees of community/technical colleges, K-12 public schools, and some private schools | 195 | \$ 1,477,698 |
| House Key Plus CLT | Buying a home using community land trust (CLT) mod | el 124 | \$ 1,550,721 |
| House Key Plus ARCH (A Regional Coalition for Housing) | Buying a home in east King County within an ARCH member city or surrounding unincorporated area | 72 | \$ 2,075,961 |
| House Key Veterans | Military veterans buying their first home | 60 | \$ 406,178 |
| | Purchasing newly constructed, never-occupied home | s 145 | \$ 1,073,081 |
| | Purchasing newly constructed, never-occupied home | S 145 | \$ 1,073,081 |
| (funded by the state Consumer Remedy Fund, ended 2014) | Buying a home that has been foreclosed | 359 | \$ 3,162,673 |
| House Key Plus (ended Jan. 2013, re-opened 2016) | Low- and moderate-income first-time homebuyers | 6,985 | \$ 32,220,229 |
| House Key Real Estate Owned (ended 2012) | Buying a home that has been foreclosed | 893 | \$ 6,448,429 |
| House Key Bremerton (ended 2012) | Buying a home in the City of Bremerton | 5 | \$ 36,916 |
| House Key Rural (ended 2011) | Rural borrowers who earn up to 80% of area median income | 193 | \$ 1,760,117 |
| House Key King County (ended 2010) | Buying a home in King County (outside the Seattle city limits and outside the ARCH King County area) | 38 | \$ 1,124,256 |
| House Key Federal Way (ended 2010) | Buying a foreclosed, bank-owned, or abandoned home in Federal Way | 11 | \$ 314,213 |
| House Key Extra (ended 2005) | Rural residents with disabilities or who have a dependent family member with a disability | 27 | \$ 165,075 |
| Total | | 28,625 | \$233,846,348 |

Enhancing Communities: Projects Support Growth, Efficiency 1983-2017

Nonprofit Facilities Program



170

\$991 million

facilities in bonds

The Commission issues tax-exempt 501(c)(3) bonds to finance capital facilities and equipment owned by nonprofit organizations.

| County | Facilities |
|--------------|------------|
| Benton | 5 |
| Clark | 1 |
| Franklin | 2 |
| Grays Harbor | 1 |
| King | 91 |
| Kitsap | 3 |
| Pierce | 13 |
| Skagit | 2 |
| Snohomish | 16 |
| Spokane | 11 |
| Thurston | 13 |
| Walla Walla | 1 |
| Whatcom | 6 |
| Whitman | 1 |
| Yakima | 4 |
| Total | 170 |

Beginning Farmer/ Rancher Program

farms



\$6.2 million

acres in bonds

The Commission, in partnership with Northwest Farm Credit Services, issues bonds to enable beginning farmers and ranchers to purchase land and equipment. The Commission also offers a second loan to help borrowers for whom lack of a cash downpayment is an obstacle.

| County | Acres | Bond Amt |
|-------------|-------|--------------|
| Adams | 60 | \$ 165,000 |
| Benton | 20.8 | \$ 187,000 |
| Chelan | 11 | \$ 400,000 |
| Clark | 83.7 | \$ 295,000 |
| Ferry | 226 | \$ 200,000 |
| Franklin | 92 | \$ 250,000 |
| Grant | 116 | \$ 274,603 |
| King | 59.5 | \$ 672,500 |
| Kittitas | 120 | \$ 225,000 |
| Lewis | 106 | \$ 415,000 |
| Lincoln | 270 | \$ 242,000 |
| Pierce | 74 | \$ 412,500 |
| Spokane | 40 | \$ 72,000 |
| Walla Walla | 10.1 | \$ 184,800 |
| Whatcom | 48 | \$ 518,000 |
| Whitman | 740 | \$ 670,000 |
| Yakima | 237.6 | \$ 1,244,500 |
| Total | 2,222 | \$6,177,903 |

Sustainable Energy Program



20

\$23.6 million

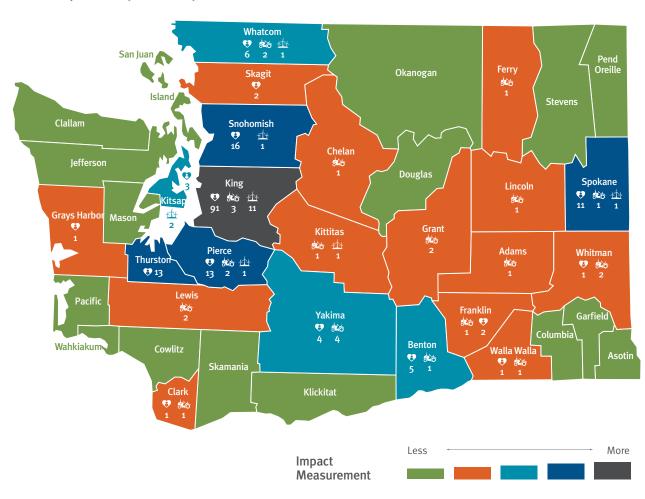
projects invested

In 2009, the state legislature gave the Commission the authority to develop financing programs for energy-efficiency and renewable-energy projects. Since 2012, the Commission has financed 20 projects by both private companies and nonprofits. They include:

- Energy-efficiency upgrades at Seattle-area and Bellingham YMCAs, nonprofits in Everett and Seattle, and a Bainbridge Island grocery store
- Community wind turbines that power local homes near Ellensburg
- Affordable and highly energy-efficient single-family homes in Seattle and Spokane

| County | Amount |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| King | \$ 10,907,779 |
| Kitsap | \$ 1,200,000 |
| Kittitas | \$ 9,000,000 |
| Pierce | \$800,000 |
| Snohomish | \$ 500,000 |
| Spokane | \$ 1,000,000 |
| Whatcom | \$ 100,000 |
| Statewide initiatives | \$ 100,000 |
| Total | \$23,607,779 |

Projects by County



Projects

20 Energy Projects

27 Farms

170 Nonprofit Facilities

- 2 Scientific Research
- 3 Economic Development
- 3 Animal Welfare
- 15 Cultural Facilities
- 17 Job Training
- 56 Education
- 74 Social Services & Athletic Facilities

Amount

Keeping Housing Safe and Affordable 1983-2017





90,000⁺ units monitored

1,041+

properties monitored each year

300-350

properties physically inspected each year

Asset Management, Compliance and Finance

Once the construction or remodeling of multifamily affordable housing is finished, the work of the Asset Management and Compliance team begins. This division helps property owners and managers comply with the state statutes, the federal tax code, and the contractual commitments that come with bond and tax-credit financing. Our commitment to monitoring and technical assistance lasts for the term of the bonds and/or tax credits—up to 40 years.

Education and Training

- 20+ compliance workshops annually for more than 600 owners, property managers, public agencies, and other stakeholders.
- Classes for users of the web-based annual reporting system, WBARS.
- Specialized training sessions in conjunction with the Affordable Housing Management Association and the Council for Affordable and Rural Housing.

Partnerships

By working with other entities who fund housing, the Commission helps to maximize agency resources and minimize inspections and reporting requirements.

- Cities of Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma, and Bellingham
- King and Snohomish counties
- Wash. State Department of Commerce
- Wash. State USDA Rural Development
- U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development

Web-Based Reporting System

The Washington State Web-Based Annual Reporting System, or WBARS, is a comprehensive and innovative system created by the Commission and the State Department of Commerce, and shared by several different public funders in Washington state. It manages detailed property and resident information on thousands of properties, allowing all our property managers and owners to easily meet reporting requirements, while giving funders a powerful oversight tool. WBARS is the only housing-finance-agency reporting system in the nation used by multiple public funder agencies.

Technical Assistance

- Daily guidance provided by phone and email.
- Periodic compliance workshops tailored to industry beginners as well as seasoned professionals.
- Award-winning website that provides:
- Program manuals, report forms, FAQs, web training videos, and online workshop registration.
- A calendar of regional housing and economic development activities.
- Links to funding and compliance resources.
- Monthly email updates to over 1,700 subscribers with timely information on compliance and asset management topics.

Financial Oversight

The Commission's Finance Division:

- Ensures the Commission's ongoing fiscal integrity.
- Monitors, records, and reports all financial transactions.
- Manages the Commission's outstanding debt, ensuring compliance with legal requirements of bonds.
- Oversees internal controls and safeguards assets.

Asset Management

- Monitored performance of trustees, servicers, and other outside contractors.
- Recorded transactions and created quarterly financial statements on outstanding bond issues.
- Supplied voluntary disclosure reports to bond investors.

General Operations

- Prepared monthly financial statements.
- Performed investment management oversight.
- Coordinated the annual budget and work-planning process.
- Coordinated annual audits by independent auditors and the state auditor.
- Administered and monitored the Program Investment Fund.
- Provided financial management and accounting services for affiliate agencies.

Affiliate Agencies

Tobacco Settlement Authority

The Finance Division manages the assets of the Tobacco Settlement Authority, a governor-appointed board established to oversee the issuance of bonds against state tobacco-settlement revenues in 2002. In 2013, bonds were refunded to save Washington taxpayers approximately \$90 million in interest over the next decade.

1 bond issue

\$209 million

of outstanding debt

Washington Higher Education Facilities Authority

The Finance Division manages the assets of the Washington Higher Education Facilities Authority, a governor-appointed board. WHEFA financing enables the state's nonprofit, private colleges and universities to build, equip, expand, and improve their facilities through tax-exempt bonds.

89 bond issues

\$2.1 billion

issued





Opening doors to a better life

www.WSHFC.org





The Washington State Housing Finance Commission is a publicy accountable, self-supporting team dedicated to increasing housing access and affordability and to expanding the availability of quality community services for the people of Washington. We work to increase housing people can afford statewide, and we issue below-market-rate, tax-exempt bonds, and federal housing credits to fund housing and nonprofit facilities across Washington. The bonds of the Washington State Housing Finance Commission are not obligations of Washington state and are not repaid with tax dollars. The Commission is financially self-sufficient. All operating expenses are paid from program revenues. No taxpayer dollars were used to produce this document. For more information about the Commission and its work, visit www.wshfc.org or call 206-464-7139 or 1-800-767-HOME (4663) in Washington state.

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